

UTRJEVANJE ZNANJA

1. a.) $3a + 1a = 4a$

b.) $-4b + 2a - 3b = +2a - 7b$

c.) $8x + x^2 + 3x = x^2 + 11x$

d.) $2a - (3a^2 - 4a) + 5 =$
 $= 2a - 3a^2 + 4a + 5 =$
 $= -3a^2 + 6a + 5$

e.) $-(7u + 3v) + (2 + 9u) =$
 $= -7u - 3v + 2 + 9u =$
 $= 2u - 3v + 2$

f.) $-(3y - z + 1) - (-3y) =$
 $= -3y + z - 1 + 3y =$
 $= z - 1$

3. a.) $-2 \cdot (x-1) - (3x+5) = \quad x=2$

$= -2x + 2 - 3x - 5 =$
 $= -5x - 3$

$-5 \cdot 2 - 3 =$
 $= -10 - 3 =$
 $= -13$

b.) $(3x-4) \cdot (x-1) - 7x \cdot (x-4) = \quad x=-2$
 $= 3x^2 - 3x - 4x + 4 - 7x^2 + 28x =$
 $= -4x^2 + 21x + 4$
 $= -4 \cdot (-2)^2 + 21 \cdot (-2) + 4 =$

2.

a.) $a \cdot a = a^2$

b.) $3x \cdot 4xy = 12x^2y$

c.) $-3x^2 \cdot 4xy^3 = -12x^3y^3$

č.) $x \cdot (x-6) = x^2 - 6x$

d.) $2c(3a-4c) = 6ac - 8c^2$

e.) $(-a+4b) \cdot (-2ab) =$
 $= +2a^2b - 8ab^2$

f.) $(x-2) \cdot (x-1) =$
 $= x^2 - 1x - 2x + 2 =$
 $= x^2 - 3x + 2$

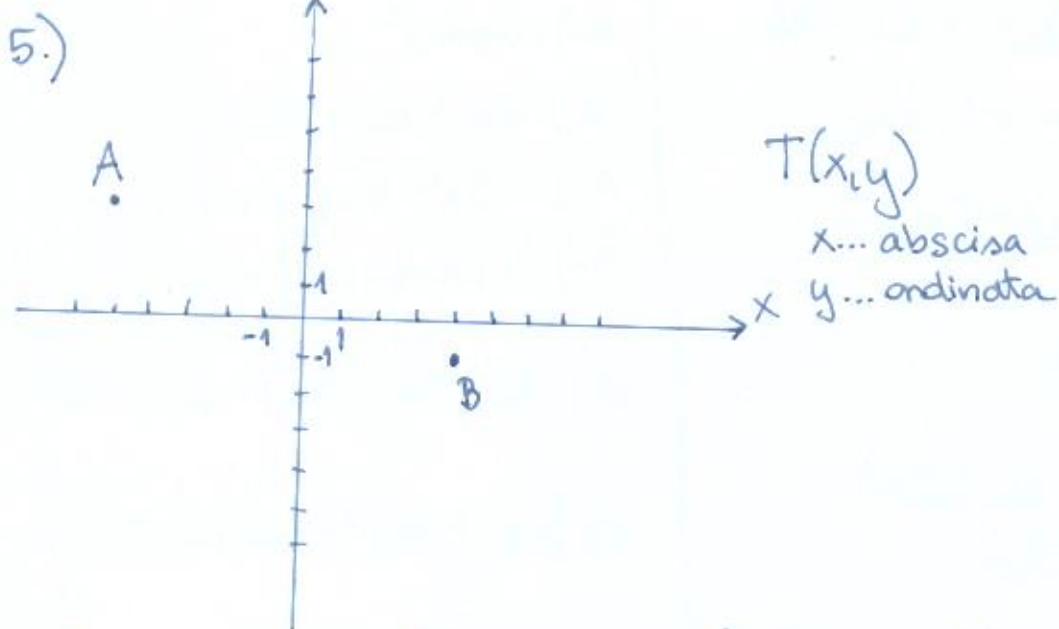
g.) $(5y+3x)(2x-5y) =$
 $= 10xy - 25y^2 + 6x^2 - 15xy =$
 $= -5xy - 25y^2 + 6x^2$

c.) $3 - (a+5)(a-5) - (a-4) \cdot 3 =$
 $= 3 - (a^2 - 5a + 5a - 25) - (3a - 12) =$
 $= 3 - a^2 + 5a - 5a + 25 - 3a + 12 =$
 $= -a^2 - 3a + 40$
 $= -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 40 =$
 $= -\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{2} + 40 = \frac{-1-6+160}{4} = \frac{153}{4}$

4.) a.) $4a+4b=4(a+b)$

b.) $9a^2-3ab+6a^3=3a(3a-b+2a^2)$

c.) $24a^3b^2+12a^2b^2-20ab^3=4ab^2(6a^2+3a-5b)$



- 6.) a.) P.S.
b.) O.S.
c.) Nič
d.) P.S.
e.) P.S.

- 7.) a.) N
b.) P
c.) P
d.) P

- 8.) a.) količnik / $y=k \cdot x$ / premica
b.) produkt / $c=x \cdot y$ / hiperbola

9.) a.) $8 \text{ kg} \cdot 12 \text{ €}$
 $x \text{ kg} \cdot 9 \text{ €}$ P.S.
 $x = \frac{8 \cdot 12}{9} = 6 \text{ kg}$

O: Za 9€ dobimo 6kg pomaranč.

b.) $k = \frac{12}{8} = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5$

$x = 1.5 \cdot m$

c.)

Masa [kg]	1	2	3	4	8
Znesek (€)	1.5	3	4.5	6	12

:2

10.) $1 \text{ min} = 60 \text{ s} \dots 100\% : 20$
 $3 \text{ s} \dots x\% \text{ P.S.}$
 $x = 5\%$

O: svoj rezultat je izboljšala za 5%.

$$11. a) \begin{array}{l} 22 \text{ učencov} \dots 12 \text{ €} \\ \vdots \\ 16 \text{ učencov} \dots x \text{ €} \end{array} \quad \text{O.S.}$$

$$x = \frac{22 \cdot 12 \cdot 3 \cdot 11}{16 \cdot 4 \cdot 2}$$

$$x = \frac{33}{2} = 16,5 \text{ €}$$

O: Vsak mora plačati 16,5 €

$$b) \begin{array}{l} 22 \text{ učencov} \dots 12 \text{ €} \\ \vdots \\ 24 \text{ učencov} \dots x \text{ €} \end{array} \quad \text{O.S.}$$

$$x = \frac{22 \cdot 12 \cdot 1 \cdot 11}{24 \cdot 2}$$

$$x = 11 \text{ €}$$

O: Vsak mora plačati 11 €.

c.) Naloga predstavlja obratno sorazmerni količini. Če se število učencov na avtobusu zmanjša, znesek na posameznega učenca poveča.

PRITEČE

$$12.) \begin{array}{l} 5 \text{ min} \dots 400 \text{ l} \\ \vdots \\ 1 \text{ min} \dots 80 \text{ l} \\ \vdots \\ 20 \text{ min} \dots 1600 \text{ l} \end{array}$$

ODTEČE

$$\begin{array}{l} 3 \text{ min} \dots 60 \text{ l} \\ \vdots \\ 1 \text{ min} \dots 20 \text{ l} \\ \vdots \\ 20 \text{ min} \dots 400 \text{ l} \end{array}$$

$$1600 \text{ l} - 400 \text{ l} = 1200 \text{ l} = 1200 \text{ dm}^3 = \underline{1,2 \text{ m}^3}$$

$$1,2 \text{ m}^3 > 1 \text{ m}^3$$

Da, po 20 min je v bazenu več kot 1 m^3 vode.

$$\begin{array}{l} 20 \text{ min} \dots 1,2 \text{ m}^3 \\ \vdots \\ x \text{ min} \dots 9 \text{ m}^3 \end{array} \quad \text{P.S.}$$

$$x = \frac{20 \cdot 9 \cdot 10}{1,2 \cdot 10} = \frac{200 \cdot 9 \cdot 3 \cdot 50}{12 \cdot 4} = \underline{150 \text{ min}}$$

O: Bazenu bo poln v 150 minutah.

13.) pravilni 8-kotnik

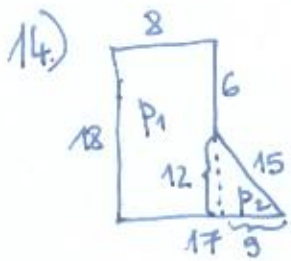
a) $n - 3 = 8 - 3 = 5$ diagonal iz enega oglišča

b) $d_n = \frac{n(n-3)}{2} = \frac{8 \cdot 5 \cdot 4}{2} = 20$ diagonal

c) $(n-2) \cdot 180^\circ = (8-2) \cdot 180^\circ = 180^\circ \cdot 6 = 1080^\circ$

e) vsota vseh zunanjih kotov: 360°

f.) $\alpha = \frac{360^\circ}{8} = 45^\circ$



$\sigma = 18+8+6+15+17 = \underline{64 \text{ cm}}$

$p = p_1 + p_2 = 144 + 54 = \underline{198 \text{ cm}^2}$

$p_1 = 18 \cdot 8 = 144 \text{ cm}^2$

$p_2 = \frac{12 \cdot 9 \cdot 6}{2} = 54 \text{ cm}^2$

15.) $d = 1,5 \text{ m}$

$\sigma = 4,71 \text{ m}$

$p = 1,76625 \text{ m}^2$

$r = 0,75 \text{ m}$

$\sigma = d \cdot \pi$

$\sigma = 1,5 \cdot 3,14$

$\sigma = \underline{4,71 \text{ m}}$

$p = \pi r^2$

$p = 3,14 \cdot 0,75^2$

$p = 3,14 \cdot 0,5625$

$p = \underline{1,76625 \text{ m}^2}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0,75 \cdot 0,75 \\ \hline 525 \\ 375 \\ \hline 0,5625 \end{array}$$

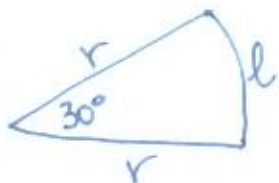
$$\begin{array}{r} 0,5625 \cdot 3,14 \\ \hline 16875 \\ 5625 \\ 22500 \\ \hline 1,766250 \end{array}$$

16.) $r = 12 \text{ cm}$

$\alpha = 30^\circ$

$\sigma = 30,28 \text{ cm}$

$p_{iz} = \underline{37,68 \text{ cm}^2}$



$l = \frac{\alpha \cdot 2\pi r}{360^\circ}$

$l = \frac{30^\circ \cdot 2 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 12}{360^\circ \cdot 30}$

$l = 6,28 \text{ cm}$

$\sigma = 2 \cdot r + l$

$\sigma = 2 \cdot 12 + 6,28$

$\sigma = 24 + 6,28$

$\sigma = \underline{30,28 \text{ cm}}$

$p_{iz} = \frac{\alpha \cdot \pi r^2}{360^\circ}$

$= \frac{30^\circ \cdot \pi \cdot 12 \cdot 12}{360^\circ \cdot 12}$

$= 12\pi = 12 \cdot 3,14 =$

$= \underline{37,68 \text{ cm}^2}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50,24 : 4 = 12,56 \\ 10 \\ 22 \\ 24 \end{array}$$



$r = 8 \text{ cm}$

$\sigma_k = 2\pi r$

$\sigma_k = 2 \cdot 3,14 \cdot 8$

$\sigma_k = 50,24 \text{ cm}$

$p_k = \pi r^2$

$p_k = 3,14 \cdot 64$

$p_k = \underline{200,96 \text{ cm}^2}$

$\sigma = 8 + 8 + \frac{\sigma_k}{4}$

$= 8 + 8 + \frac{50,24}{4} =$

$= 16 + 12,56 = \underline{28,56 \text{ cm}}$

o.